

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 5

77 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARD CHICAGO, IL 60604-3590

APR 2 0 2015

REPLY TO THE ATTENTION OF:

CERTIFIED MAIL 7009 1680 0000 7677 9159 RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Mr. James Fay Plant Manager 3M Menomonie Plant 1425 Stokke Parkway Menomonie, Wisconsin 54751

> Re: Notice of Violation Compliance Evaluation Inspection WID 078 673 084

Dear Mr. Fay:

On February 10, 2015 a representative of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency inspected the 3M Menomonie facility located in Menomonie, Wisconsin (3M Menomonie). As a large quantity generator of hazardous waste, 3M Menomonie is subject to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. § 6901 *et seq.* (RCRA). The purpose of the inspection was to evaluate 3M Menomonie's compliance with certain provisions of RCRA and its implementing regulations related to the generation, treatment and storage of hazardous waste. A copy of the inspection report is enclosed for your reference.

Based on information provided by 3M Menomonie, EPA's review of records pertaining to 3M Menomonie, and the inspector's observations, EPA has determined that 3M Menomonie violated RCRA requirement related to hazardous waste determination as described in paragraph 1, below.

OTHER VIOLATIONS

1. Hazardous Waste Determination

Under Wisconsin Administrative Code § NR 662.011[40 C.F.R. § 262.11], a generator must determine whether its waste is hazardous using certain methods.

At the time of the inspection, 3M Menomonie had not made a determination whether the waste condensate generated in the "E-Beam" area was hazardous. 3M Menomonie therefore violated the above-referenced generator requirement. On March 22, 2015, 3M Menomonie provided EPA a March 10, 2015 Laboratory Report from Interpoll Laboratories, Circle Pines, Minnesota. EPA considers this violation resolved.

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If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact Mr. Walt Francis, of my staff, at 312-353-4921 or at francis.walt@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Gary J. Victorine, Chief

RCRA Branch

Enclosure

cc: Troy Gansluckner, WDNR-Eau Claire Regional Office (troy.gansluckner@wisconsin.gov)
Michael Ellenbecker, WDNR-Sturtevant Service Center (michael.ellenbecker@wisconsin.gov)

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 5

77 W. JACKSON BOULEVARD CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60604

RCRA COMPLIANCE EVALUATION INSPECTION REPORT

FACILITY NAME:

3M COMPANY MENOMONIE

FACILITY U.S. EPA ID NO.:

WID 078 673 084

FACILITY TYPE:

Large Quantity Generator

FACILITY ADDRESS:

1425 Stokke Parkway

Menomonie, Wisconsin 54751

U.S. EPA REPRESENTATIVE:

Walt Francis

DATE OF INSPECTION:

February 10, 2015

SIC CODE:

3471 – Electroplating, Polishing

NAICS CODE:

326113 - Unlaminated Plastics Film and Sheet (Except

Packaging) Manufacturing

PREPARED BY: Wa

Walt Francis

Environmental Scientist

3/2/2015

ACCEPTED BY:

Julie Morris, Chief

Compliance Section 2

RCRA Branch

3/4/5.

Purpose of Inspection

The purpose of this inspection was to conduct a Compliance Evaluation Inspection (CEI) at 3M Company Menomonie (3M Menomonie) located at 1425 Stokke Parkway, Menomonie, Wisconsin to determine compliance with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and the Wisconsin Administrative Code (WAC), with respect to 3M Menomonie's management of hazardous waste, universal waste and used oil.

Participants

United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) Inspector - Walt Francis, Environmental Scientist

Representatives of 3M - Michael R. Wendt – Environment, Health and Safety Specialist Gary C. Lewis, Environmental, Health, Safety and Security Department Manager

Site Description/Background Information

3M Menomonie is a multi-divisional plant established on a 502 acre site. Construction began in 1973 and opened in 1974 with several expansions for a total plant size of 698,000 square feet. 3M Menomonie provides early manufacturing, development capabilities, and state-of-the-art 3M products. 3M Menomonie supports many divisions that have products in various stages of development and/or production. 3M Menomonie manufactures: Vikuiti Optical Films: 3M Privacy Films; 3M Permanent Signing; 3M Nextel Ceramic Textiles and Composites; 3M Aluminum Conductor Composite Reinforced (ACCR); Fuel Cell Components; 3M Library Systems; Reclosable Fastener Systems; and Industrial Tapes. The 3M Menomonie plant generates: waste benzene (D018); cadmium (D006); chromium (D007); electroplating treatment sludges (F006); lead (D008); mercury (D009); methyl ethyl ketone (D035); corrosive wastes (D002); ignitable wastes (D001); reactive waste (D003); selenium (D010); silver (D011); spent halogenated solvents (F002); spent non-halogenated solvents (F003 and F005, and trichloroethylene (D040). In addition, 3M Menomonie generates cotton shop towels, used oil, used batteries, and used fluorescent lamps. 3M Menomonie originally submitted an EPA Form 8700-12 on August 18, 1980 for the Menominee, Wisconsin facility. The 3M Menomonie facility currently has approximately 750 employees and operates seven days per week.

At the time of the inspection, the 3M Menomonie facility was operating as a Large Quantity Generator (LQG) of hazardous waste. Historical hazardous waste streams based on the 2013 Biennial Report included off-site shipments of: NIP Grinding Daily Waste (D001); CRPL And FA General Process Waste (D001); Sodium Hydroxide With Ethanomine Water (D001); Waste Xylene/Irganox (D001); DMA Process Waste (D001); Silicone Adhesive Waste (D001); OPL6-E Wet Scrap Mixed With 15C (D001); Spent Aerosol Containers (D001); Spent Ventura 3 Resin (D001); Scrap Acrylic Siloxane Polymer (D001); FE10-55 Resin And Contaminated Hoses And

Filters (D001); CRPL General Process Waste (D002); Spent Copper Plating Bath (D002); Spent Chrome Acid Bath (D002); EPI-REZ Tera Sizing (D002); Epic Resin A & B With Quantum (D002); Spent CT Canister (D002); SF&C Lab Pack (D002); Obsolete Spent Chromic Acid (D002); Copper Leaching Waste (D002); FE10-55 Resin And Contaminated Hoses And Filter (D002); Pit Cleaning Waste (D002); Spent Chrome Bath (Obsolete) (D003); Epic Resin A & B With Quantum (D006); CRPL General Process Waste (D007); OPL 6E Waste (D007); Chromic Acid Waste To Siemens (D007); Spent Nickel Sulfamate Filters (D007); Spent Silicone Adhesive (D007); Spent Chrome Acid Bath (D007); Scrap Ventura 3 Resin (D007); Scrap Acrylic Silxane Polymer (D007); Evaporator Sludge Solids To Siemens (D007); General Process Waste From Various WSPS (D008); Sodium Hydroxide Ethanolamine With Water (D008); Waste Oil Shipped To MN (Incinerator) (D008); Spent Nickel Sulfamate Filters (D008); Evaporator Sludge To Siemens (D008); Used Thermometers And Switches (D009); Epic Resin A & B With Q Dots (D010); General Process Waste From Various Plant Processes (D011); Spent Copper Bath And Lab Waste (D011); Pit Cleaning Waste (D011); Epic Resin A & B With Ouantum Dots (D018); Mineral Spirits and Sizing Waste (D018); General Process Waste From Various WSPS Containing MEK (D035); Pumpable WSPS Containing MEK From Multiple Processes (D035); Waste MEK From Various Process WSP (D035); Concentrated Non-Chlorinated Solvents From Various WSPS (D035); Waste Pal1-4 Sizing (D035); Silicone Adhesive With MEK (D035); Flammable Aerosols ORM-D (D035); LAMI-Converting Non Pump Waste (D035); Scrap Shamrock – B Resin (D035); Odorless Mineral Spirits Sizing (D040); EPI-REZ Tera Sizing (F002); Odorless Mineral Spirits Sizing (F002); Ceramic Fibers Process Residual Waste (F003); Spent Solvent Waste From Various Processes (F003); Mineral Spirits And Sizing Waste (F003); OPL 6-E Wet Mixed Scrap With Solvents (F003); Ceramic Fibers Residual Waste (F005); Spent Solvents From Various Processes (F005); and Evaporator Sludge Shipped To Siemens (F006). At the time of the inspection, the last off-site shipment of hazardous waste was on February 4, 2015 to the 3M Cottage Grove facility. Other wastes include: 1) used oil; 2) used fluorescent lamps; and 3) used paper wipes and cotton shop towels. Used cotton shop towels are picked up by Ameripride Services, Minneapolis, Minnesota for laundering. WDNR provided U.S. EPA with a copy of a February 5, 2015, "Hazardous Waste Manifest Records For Selected Generator" report for the period January 1, 2014 to February 5, 2015 for out-bound shipments of hazardous waste from the Menomonie, Wisconsin facility. The WDNR out-bound manifest report indicated that hazardous waste D001/F007/D031; D001/F003/F005; D001; D001/D008/D035; D009; D002; D001/F003; D008; D001/D035; D001/D002/D035/F002; D001/MN01; D001/D035/F003; D001/D018/D035/D040/F002/F003; D001/D035/MN01; D001/D035/P003/F005; D007; D001/D007/F003; D001/D008/D035/F003/F005; D007/D008; D001/D007/D035; D009; D008/MN04; D035; D001/D008; D001/D007/F003 were shipped to 3M Cottage Grove (MND006172969), and D002; D007; D007/D008/F006; D002/D011, and D039 wastes were shipped to Siemens Industry, Inc. (MND981098478), and D039 waste was shipped to Safety-Kleen Systems Blaine (MND981953045). For the period September 24, 2014 through December 16, 2014, 3M Menomonie made six shipments ranging from 867 pounds to 28,666 pounds of hazardous waste.

Opening Conference

U.S. EPA representative Walt Francis arrived at the 3M Menomonie facility at approximately 12:45 p.m. Inspector Francis introduced himself to Mr. Michael Wendt, Environmental Health and Safety Specialist and Mr. Gary Lewis, Environmental, Health, Safety and Security Department Manager. Mr. Wendt and Mr. Lewis took the inspector to a conference room. Inspector Francis presented his credentials to Mr. Wendt and Mr. Lewis, and informed them of the nature, scope, and procedures of the inspection. The inspection was conducted by U.S. EPA. WDNR declined to participate in the inspection. Mr. Wendt provided the inspector with a brief overview of the facility, and provided information on any changes to the facility since the last hazardous waste inspection. Mr. Wendt explained the various hazardous wastes generated at the Menomonie, Wisconsin facility. Inspector Francis asked Mr. Wendt about used oil and universal waste. Mr. Wendt explained to the inspector that used oil is sent off-site as hazardous waste to 3M Cottage Grove, and universal wastes are shipped to Waste Management, Minneapolis, Minnesota. Inspector Francis reviewed several out-bound hazardous waste manifests records, and discussed the operation of the facility. Inspector Francis noted that the outbound tracking report indicated the last off-site shipment of various hazardous wastes was on December 16, 2014. 3M Menomonie did not make a CBI claim on the information gathered during the inspection. Mr. Wendt and Mr. Lewis allowed the inspector access to the facility to conduct the inspection.

Site Tour

The walk-through began in the "Red Label Room". Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis the less than 90 day hazardous waste accumulation area for ignitable waste. Inspector Francis observed fourteen pallets with four 55-gallon containers on each pallet and two pallets with eight 5-gallon containers. Inspector Francis observed accumulation dates and hazardous waste codes of "1/22/2015, D007" and "1/25/2015, F003/D001". Mr. Lewis pointed out a spill kit and telephone near the entrance to the "Red Label Room". The walk-through continued to the "Personal Care Hook Line" area. Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis a 55-gallon satellite accumulation area (SAA) container utilized for ignitable (D001) hazardous waste. The walkthrough continued to the Receiving Dock. Mr. Wendt introduced Ms. Donna Schultz. Ms. Schultz showed Inspector Francis hazardous waste manifests from 2013, 2014, and 2015. The last outbound shipment was on February 4, 2015 to 3M Cottage Grove. The walk-through continued to the hazardous less than 90-day "Corrosive Waste Area" accumulation area, see photograph number 1. Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis several containers of spent caustic from copper plating baths dated "1/12/2015", a container of sulfuric acid labeled D002, and a container labeled "Formic Acid, 1/29/2015". The walk-through continued to the "E-Beam Area". Mr. Wendt introduced Mr. Harley Anderson. Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis a 55gallon SAA container labeled "D001/D035/Mn01". Inspector Francis observed a 5-gallon container in this area. Mr. Anderson told Inspector Francis that it was collecting condensate from the ventilation system and any accumulated liquids are placed in the SAA container, see photograph number 2. The walk-through continued to the C5 Tape Line. Mr. Wendt showed

Inspector Francis a 55-gallon SAA container labeled "Toluene/Heptane F002/F003/F005/D001/D040" and a 55-gallon container of solid waste in the C5 Tape Line "Pump Room". The walk-through continued to the "Fuel Cell Room". Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis a SAA container labeled "IPA, MEK, Toluene, D001/D035". The walkthrough continued to Plant Engineering. Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis several containers of used eight foot and 4 foot fluorescent lamps. Inspector Francis noted that the containers were labeled with accumulation dates of "1/22/15" and "11/12/14". Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis a container of used lithium batteries and a container of used nickel-cadmium batteries. Mr. Wendt introduced Inspector Francis to Mr. Kevin Dusso. Mr. Dusso showed Inspector Francis a 55-gallon container of used oil which was labeled "Hazardous Waste, D008". The walk-through continued to the Ceramic Fiber Area. Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis a 55gallon SAA container labeled "Mineral Spirits" and a 55-gallon container labeled "Sizing Waste, D002", and a 55-gallon container labeled "Refractory Brick, D007". The walk-through continued to the Library Systems Area. Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis a 55-gallon SAA container which was labeled "Rags, Ink and Solvent, MEK/ Heptane, F005/D001/D035". The walk-through continued to the nickel plating area waste evaporator. Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis a 55-gallon SAA container of sludge from the evaporator labeled "Cr, F006, D007, D008", see photographs number 3 and 4. The walk-through continued to the Nickel Plating Area. Mr. Wendt introduced Mr. Joel Belew to Inspector Francis. Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis a 55-gallon SAA container labeled "MEK, MIBK, HNO3, F003, D001, D002, D035". The walk-through continued to the Die Cleaning Room for the Brightness Enhancement Film. Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis a 55-gallon SAA container labeled "F003/F005/D001/D035/Acetone and MEK'. The walk-through continued to the C6 resin Room. Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis a container of hazardous waste labeled "Acetone/MEK, D001/D007/D035" and another SAA container labeled "Chromium/2-ethyl-6hexanone, D001/D007/D035". The walk-through continued to the "NIP Finishing Room". Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis a 55-gallon SAA container labeled "Isopropyl Alcohol, D001". The walk-through continued to the Resin Room. Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis a SAA container which was labeled "IPA, Acetone, Rags, F003/D001". The walk-through continued to the Zephyr Film Line. Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis an SAA container which was labeled "Acetone, MEK, F003/F005/D001/D008/D035". The walk-through continued to the Boiler Room. Mr. Wendt showed Inspector Francis a container of non-hazardous waste.

Mr. Wendt, Mr. Lewis and Inspector Francis returned to a conference room to review records.

Records Review

Mr. Lewis provided Inspector Francis with a copy of the 3M Menomonie Contingency Plan. Ms. Michelle Hissel provided hazardous waste training records for Mr. Anthony Fiel for the years 2012, 2013, and 2014 and for Mr. Paul Meyers for the years 2013 and 2014, and for Ms. Laurie Howe for the years 2012 and 2014. Inspector Francis reviewed waste profiles from the 3M Cottage Grove, Minnesota facility. The last outgoing shipment of universal waste was on November 14, 2014 to Waste Management, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

Closing Conference

The inspector conducted a closing conference. Inspector Francis explained that he would review his notes from the inspection, and generate an inspection report. 3M Menomonie would then receive a letter from U.S. EPA regarding the inspection including a copy of the inspection report, completed inspection checklists and a copy of the photographs taken during the inspection. Inspector Francis discussed the waste condensate waste determination records. Inspector Francis provided a U.S. EPA Small Business Resources information sheet, a U.S. EPA Region 5 Pollution Prevention contact sheet, a U.S. EPA Managing Used Oil Advice for Small Businesses fact sheet, and a University of Wisconsin Extension Solid and Hazardous Waste Education Center Environmental Programs brochure to Mr. Lewis.

Attachments

Inspection Checklists. Photographs.

LARGE QUANTITY GENERATOR INSPECTION



This Inspection Form, used for the inspection of facilities that generate over 1000 kg (2205 lbs) of non acute hazardous waste in a calendar month or over 1 kg of acute hazardous waste in a calendar month, evaluates compliance with Wisconsin's Hazardous Waste Management Rules (chapter NR 660 - 679, Wis. Admin. Code).

Section 1: Waste Information

A. Hazardous waste determination has been made on each solid waste generated.	4	662.011
E-BEST CONSUM - NOT ANNY TO	40	
B. Waste determination was made correctly, considering the listed waste definitions and the	9/	662.011(3)
characteristics of the waste, in light of the materials or processes used.	<u> </u>	
C. Waste samples are analyzed by laboratories certified or registered under NR 149. Provide		662.011(3)(a)1
lab names and certification numbers.	Y	002.011(3)(a)1
ab flatties and certification flattibers.		
D. Generator keeps records of all waste determinations on-site for at least three years from the	1	662.040(3)
date the waste was last sent to a storage, treatment or disposal facility.	7	
E. Generator submitted a notification form and obtained an EPA ID#.	~	662.012
Note: A subsequent notification should be submitted when there is an ownership or name		
change.		
Section 2: Manifest, Pre-Transport Requirements and Off-Site Shipments		
Section 2: marmost 110 (reliasor) not an arrangement and arrangement and arrangement are arrangement and arrangement are arrangement and arrangement are arran		70
A. Generator initiated a manifest with all off-site shipments of hazardous waste.	1/1 \$1827	662.020(1)
	Y	,
B. The manifest is used according to the instructions in the appendix to 40 CFR part 262.	1	662.020(1)
	4	
O TI 6 114 de inche de des the manifest in normitted ar licensed to accept the waste		662.020(2)
C. The facility designated on the manifest is permitted or licensed to accept the waste.	Y	002.020(2)
	t	
D. For out-of-state shipments, a copy of the manifest is sent to the department within 30 days		662.023(3)
of receiving the signed copy from the designated facility.	Y	
E. Manifest continuation form, EPA form 8700-22A, is prepared according to the instructions in	Y	662.020(1)
the appendix of 40 CFR part 262.	7	
F. If the generator received a shipment back as a rejected load, the returned waste was		662.034(13)
accumulated in compliance with the container or tank standards for less than 90 days.	NIA	002.004(10)
accumulated in compilance with the container of tank standards of the same		
G. Upon receipt of the rejected shipment, the generator signed EITHER of the following:	MA	662.034(13)
1. Manifest Item 18c if the transporter returned the shipment using the original manifest.	MIM	
Manifest Item 20 if the transporter returned the shipment using a new manifest.		
H. A copy of the manifest signed by the generator is retained until the signed copy from the	Y	662.040(1)
designated facility is received.	1	
Copy of each manifest is kept for at least three years from the date of shipment.		662.040(1)
I. Copy of each maintest is kept for at least timee years from the date of shipment.	Y	552.545(1)
J. Hazardous waste is packaged according to applicable DOT requirements before transport.	Y	662.030
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LARGE QUANTITY GENERATOR INSPECTION

Section 2: Manifest, Pre-Transport Requirements and Off-Site Shipments	5844507E	
	estante: escuent enche	
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K. Hazardous waste is labeled according to applicable DOT requirements before transport.	V	662.031
L. Hazardous waste is marked according to applicable DOT requirements before transport.		662.032(1)
	Y	
		_
M. Containers of 119 gallons and less are marked with the "Hazardous Waste-Federal law prohibit improper disposal" label before transport.	v	662.032(2)
prombit improper disposar laber before transport.		
N. Placards are offered to the initial transporter.	.1	662.033
	7	
	115 725 - 500 1130 11	
Section 3: Land Disposal Restrictions		rage hydrogy are not reported by Clark S
		·
A. Generator determined if each waste is prohibited from land disposal by lab analysis or		668.07(1)
generator knowledge.	4	000.07(1)
	<u></u>	
B. Generator complies with the prohibition against dilution of wastes.		668.03
·	Y	
C. A one-time written notice was sent to each treatment, storage or disposal facility with the		668.07(1)
initial waste shipment.	Y	000:07(1)
	•	
D. A new notification is sent to the TSD and maintained in the generator file when the waste or		668.07(1)
receiving facility changes.	Y	
E. If the waste MEETS treatment standards, the LDR notice certifies wastes may be land		668.07(1)
disposed without further treatment.	Y	
F. If the waste EXCEEDS treatment standards, the LDR notice gives notification of	γ	668.07(1)
appropriate treatment and applicable prohibitions.	ſ	
G. A copy of the LDR notifications and certifications are retained for at least 3 years from the		668.07(1)(h)
date the waste was last sent off-site.	Y	
H. Underlying hazardous constituents have been identified for characteristic wastes.	Y	668.09(1)
I. Generator identifies EITHER of the following when the waste is both a listed and		668.09(2)
characterisitic waste:	Y	
The treatment standards for the listed waste code, in lieu of the treatment standard for the characteristic waste codes.		
The treatment standards for all applicable listed and characteristic waste codes.		
J. If waste is treated in containers or tanks, the generator meets BOTH of the following (NR		662.034(1)(d)
668.07(1)(e):	Y	
Developed a written waste analysis plan describing the procedures used to meet applicable LDR treatment standards.		
2. Complies with the certification requirements in NR 668.07(1)(c).		

Code/Stat ?: C: Compliance CA: Compliance With Concern R: Returned to Compliance X: Non-Compliance NA: Inspected, Not ApplicableND: Inspected, Not Determined NI: Not Inspected Noncode ?: Y: Yes N: No UN: Unknown Page 2 of 14 No 'box' is an open ended question

LARGE QUANTITY GENERATOR INSPECTION

Section 4: Annual Reports and Exception Reporting		
A. Annual reports covering generator activities during the calendar year have been submitted		662.041
to the Department by March 1 of the following year.	Y	
	- /][
B. Transporter or TSD is contacted if signed manifest is not received in 35 days.		662.042(1)
·	Y	
C. Exception report is submitted to the Department if a signed manifest is not received within	-	662.042(2)
45 days.	Y	
		10000000
D. Copy of each annual report and exception report is kept for at least 3 years from the date of	4	662.040(2)
the report.	•	
	420248039403	
Section 5: Preparedness and Prevention		
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		1
A. Generator has ALL of the following, unless the equipment is not necessary for the types of	4	662.034(1)(d)
wastes handled (NR 665.0032): 1. Device to summon emergency assistance (e.g., telephone, 2 way radio).	ľ	
Device to summon emergency assistance (e.g., telephone, 2 way radio). Internal communications and alarm systems.		
Portable fire extinguishers.		
4. Fire control equipment, including special extinguishing equipment.		
5. Spill control equipment.		
6. Decontamination equipment (e.g., eyewash, shower).		
7. Water at adequate volume and pressure to supply water spray systems.		1 [2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.
B. All of the above emergency equipment is tested and maintained to assure its proper	Y	662.034(1)(d)
operation in an emergency (NR 665.0033).	¥	
C. There is immediate access to internal or external alarms or an emergency communication		GEO 034(4)(4)
C. There is immediate access to internal or external alarms or an emergency communication device in hazardous waste handling areas (NR 665.0034).	Y	662.034(1)(d)
device in riazardous waste nariding areas (NIC 000.000+).		
D. Generator has made ALL of the following arrangements with emergency organizations (NR		662.034(1)(d)
665.0037):	Y	002.00 1(1)(0)
1. Primary and support roles have been defined if multiple police and fire departments could		J
respond to an emergency.		
2. Police, fire and emergency response teams are familiar with the site layout, hazards of the		
waste handled, places where personnel work, entrances and roads in the site and possible evacuation routes.		
Agreements are made with emergency response contractors and equipment suppliers.		
4. Local hospitals are familiar with the properties of wastes handled and the types of injuries or		
illnesses that could result from an emergency.		
E. Aisle space provided throughout the facility to allow for the unobstructed movement of		662.034(1)(d)
personnel and all emergency equipment (NR 665.0035).	Y	
Section 6: Contingency Plan and Emergency Procedures		
	and the second	
A. Generator has a written contingency plan, amended SPCC plan or other emergency plan		662.034(1)(d)
that will be implemented immediately in the event of a fire, explosion or hazardous waste	Y	
discharge (NR 665.0051). If there is no written plan go to question 7.A.	,	
74/2014</td <td></td> <td></td>		

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LARGE QUANTITY GENERATOR INSPECTION



Section 6: Contingency Plan and Emergency Procedures

B. Generator has amended a SPCC plan or other emergency plan so it sufficiently		662.034(1)(d)
incorporates hazardous waste management provisions (NR 665.0052(2)).	Y	
C. Copies of the contingency plan and all revisions have been made available to police, fire,		662.034(1)(d)
hospital and emergency response teams. (NR 665.0053(2)).	4	
	···········	
D. Contingency plan was amended due to ANY of the following (NR 665.0054):	•	662.034(1)(d)
Contingency plan failed in an emergency.	Y	
2. Change in site design, construction, O&M, or other circumstances which affect emergency	<u> </u>	
response.		
3 Emergency coordinators changed		
4. Emergency equipment changed.		
4. Emergency equipment changed. E. Contingency plan identifies an emergency coordinator who meets ALL of the following (NR		662:034(1)(d)
665.0055):	Y	
1. Available or on call to coordinate emergency response measures.		
2. Familiar with all aspects of site activities and the contingency plan.		•
Has authority to commit the resources needed to carry out the contingency plan.		
F. Contingency plan includes ALL of the following (NR 665.0052):		662.034(1)(d)
1. Designation of the primary emergency coordinator, with alternates listed in the order of	4	
assuming responsibility.		
2. Name, address and phone number, office and home, for each emergency coordinator.		
3. Description of the arrangements agreed to by the police, fire, hospitals and emergency		
response teams to coordinate emergency services.		
4. Evacuation plan for personnel including signal(s) to be used in the event of evacuation and		
alternate routes.		
5. Actions facility personnel will take in response to a fire, explosion, or hazardous waste		
discharge.	-	· ·
6. List of emergency equipment at the site, including location, description and capabilities of		
each item.		000 00 ((4)/-1)
G. Contingency plan requires the emergency coordinator to do ALL of the following in the event	.,	662.034(1)(d)
of a fire, explosion, or discharge of hazardous wastes (NR 665.0056):	Y	
Activate internal alarms or communication systems.		J I
2. Notify appropriate authorities, if their help is needed.		
Identify the character, source, amount, and extent of discharged hazardous materials. Assess hazards to human health and the environment.		
5. If the incident threatens human health or the environment outside the facility, notify local		
authorities that evacuation may be necessary and notify the national response center		
(800-424-8802) and the division of emergency government (800-943-0003).		
6. Take all reasonable measures necessary to ensure fires, explosions and discharges do not		
occur, reoccur, or spread.	i	
7. Monitor for leaks, pressure buildup, gas generation or ruptures in valves, pipes, or other		
equipment if the site stops operation.		
8. Provide for treating, storing, or disposing of recovered waste, contaminated soil, surface		
water, or other material.		
Ensure wastes that are incompatible with the released material are not treated, stored or		
disposed until cleanup is completed.		
10. Ensure that emergency equipment is clean and fit for use prior to resuming operations.		
11. Notify the department and appropriate state and local authorities before resuming		
operations.		
12, Submit an incident report to the department within 15 days.		•

LARGE QUANTITY GENERATOR INSPECTION

Section 7: Personnel Training Requirements

A. Generator has a program of classroom instruction or on-the-job training for personnel in hazardous waste management (NR 665.0016(1)(a)). If there is no training program go to question 8.A.	4	662.034(1)(d)
B. Program is directed by a person trained in hazardous waste management procedures (NR 665.0016(1)(b)).	4	662.034(1)(d)
C. Program teaches facility personnel hazardous waste management procedures relevant to the positions in which they are employed (NR 665.0016(1)(b)).	Y	662.034(1)(d)
D. Training program ensures personnel are able to respond effectively to emergencies by amiliarizing them with the following applicable items (NR 665.0016(1)(c)): 1. Contingency plan implementation.	Y	662.034(1)(d)
2. Procedures for using, inspecting, repairing, and replacing emergency and monitoring equipment. 3. Key parameters for automatic waste feed cut-off systems. 4. Communications and alarm systems. 5. Response to fires or explosions. 6. Response to groundwater contamination incidents. 7. Shutdown of operations.		
E. New employees are trained within 6 months of their assignment (NR 665.0016(2)).	Y	662.034(1)(d)
F. Employees work in supervised positions until they have completed the training (NR 665.0016(2)).	Y	662.034(1)(d)
G. Personnel take part in an annual review of the training (NR 665.0016(3)).	4	662.034(1)(d)
H. Generator keeps ALL of the following training documents (NR 665.0016(4)): 1. Job title and the employee name for each position related to hazardous waste management. 2. Job description for each of the above job titles. 3. Description of the amount and type of introductory and continuing training that will be given to each employee. 4. Records that required training has been given to each employee.	Y	662.034(1)(d)
Training records are maintained until closure for current personnel and at least 3 years from the date the employee last worked at the facility (NR 665.0016(5)).	Y	662.034(1)(d)
ection 8: 90-Day Container Accumulation		
	1	7
A. Waste is accumulated in containers. If NO, go to Section 9.	Y	
3. Accumulation start date is clearly marked and visible for inspection on each container.	Y	662.034(1)(b)
C. All containers are clearly marked with the words "Hazardous Waste".	Y	662.034(1)(c)

Code/Stat ?: C: Compliance CA: Compliance with Concern R: Returned to Compliance X: Non-Compliance NA: Inspected, Not Applicable ND: Inspected, Not Determined NI: Not Inspected Noncode ?: Y: Yes N: No UN: Unknown

No 'box' is an open ended question

Notes: *: Dept. approved alternate may apply

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Section 8: 90-Day Container Accumulation

		•
D. If container is leaking or in poor condition, the contents are transferred to another container in good condition (NR 665.0171).	Y	662.034(1)(a)1
		JLj
E. Containers are made of or lined with materials that are compatible with the waste (NR 665.0172).	Y	662.034(1)(a)1
003.0172).	<u> </u>	
F. Containers are kept closed, except when it is necessary to add or remove waste (NR		662.034(1)(a)1
665.0173(1)).	4	552,557,(7)(5)
5. O 4:	-	000 004(4)(-)4
G. Containers are opened, handled or stored to prevent leaks or ruptures (NR 665.0173(2)).	Y	662.034(1)(a)1
II Contained the second of the second detained in ADD 665 0474)		CC2 024/4)/-\4
H. Container storage areas are inspected weekly for leaks and deterioration (NR 665.0174).	Y	662.034(1)(a)1
Kenind Reitze	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Containers of ignitable or reactive waste are located at least 50 feet from the property line		662.034(1)(a)1
(NR 665.0176).	Y	
J. Containers of incompatible wastes are separated or protected from each other by a physical		662.034(1)(a)1
barrier (dike, berm, wall or other device) (NR 665.0177(3)).	4	002.034(1)(a)1
K. Incompatible wastes are stored in separate containers unless the mixing will not generate	Y	662.034(1)(a)1
extreme heat, fire, explosion, toxic gases or other dangers (NR 665.0177(1)).	7	
L. Containers that previously held waste are properly washed before adding incompatible		662.034(1)(a)1
waste, unless the mixing will not generate extreme heat, fire, explosion, toxic gases or other	Y	002.00+(1)(a)1
dangers (NR 665.0177(2)).	•	
ection 9: Subchapter BB Standards for Equipment Leaks		ingrep in der betreit bis bis
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,
A. Generator operates any of the following equipment containing or contacting hazardous	M	
wastes with organic concentration >= 10% by weight. If NO, go to Section 10 (NR 662.034(1)(a), NR 665.1050(2).]	
1. Pumps in light liquid service.		
2. Compressors.		
Pressure relief devices in gas or vapor service.		
4. Sampling connection systems.		
5. Open-ended valves or lines.		
6. Valves in gas or vapor service or in light liquid service.		
7. Pumps or valves in heavy liquid service		
8. Pressure relief devices in light liquid or heavy liquid service.		
9. Flanges or other connectors.		000 004(4)(.)
B. Equipment listed in Question 9.A. is excluded from subch. BB requirements because it is in	1	662.034(1)(a)
vacuum service and individually listed in the facility operating record by an identification number (NR 665.1050(4), NR 665.1064(7)(e)).	\perp	
C. Equipment listed in Question 9.A. is excluded from subch. BB requirements because it	+	662.034(1)(a)
operates < 300 hours per calendar year and is identified, either by list or location (area or	1	
group), in the facility operating record. (NR 665.1050(5), NR 665.1064(7)(f)).	-	J

LARGE QUANTITY GENERATOR INSPECTION

Section 9: Subchapter BB Standards for Equipment Leaks

er e	§	
D. If the facility determines compliance with subch. BB by documenting compliance with Clean Air Act requirements, the documentation is readily available as part of the operating record (NR 665.1064(13)).		662.034(1)(a)
E. ALL of the following information used to determine the applicability of exclusions in Questions 9.B 9.D. is maintained at the facility (NR 665.1064(11)): 1. Analysis determining the design capacity of the hazardous waste management unit. 2. Statement listing the hazardous waste influent to and effluent from each hazardous waste		662.034(1)(a)
management unit subject to subch. BB and an analysis determining whether these hazardous wastes are heavy liquids. 3. Up-to-date analysis and the supporting information used to determine whether or not equipment is subject to subch. BB.		0 - A
F. When knowledge of the nature of the hazardous waste stream or the process by which it was produced is used to determine the applicability of the exclusions, supporting documentation such as the following are maintained at the facility (NR 665.1064(11)): 1. Information that the production process does not use organic compounds. 2. The process is identical to a process at another facility where the total organic content was measured at <10%. 3. The process has not changed to affect the total organic concentration of the waste.		662.034(1)(a)
G. The facility keeps records of new determinations performed when there are any changes that could result in an increase in the total organic content of the waste in contact with equipment that is not subject to subch. BB requirements (NR 665.1064(11)).		662.034(1)(a)
H. All equipment stated in Question 9.A. is excluded from additional subch. BB requirements. If NO, complete the subch. BB inspection form.		
ection 10: Subchapter CC Level 1 Container Standards		
A. The facility manages hazardous waste in containers with EITHER of the following design capacities. If NO, go to Question 11.A. (NR 665.1087(2)(a), NR 662.034(1)(a)1). 1. Between 26 and 119 gallons. 2. Greater than 119 gallons and not in light material service.	Y	
B. Containers are exempt from CC regulation because of ALL of the following (NR 662.034(1)(a)1, NR 665.1083(3)(a), NR 665.1084(1)(a)1, NR 665.1083(3)(a), NR 665.1084(1)(a)2., NR 665.1084(1)(b)):	لم	
The average VO concentration at the point of origination is <500 ppmw for all hazardous waste entering the container. The initial determination of the average VO concentration for the waste stream was made before the material was placed in the container.	3	
3. The initial determination is reviewed and updated at least once every 12 months. 4. A new waste determination is performed whenever changes to the source generating the waste stream likely causes the average VO concentration to increase to >= 500 ppmw. 5. The average VO concentration is determined by direct measurement or by knowledge. Note: See NR 665.1084(1)(c) for direct measurement procedures and NR 665.1084(1)(d) for using knowledge.		
C. For each waste determination, the date, time, and location of each waste sample collected are maintained in the facility records (NR 665.1090(6)(a)).	Y	662.034(1)(a)1
D. Containers are excluded from subch. CC because they are used to store or treat hazardous waste from organic peroxide manufacturing processes (NR 662.034(1)(a)1, NR 665.1080(4)).	do	

LARGE QUANTITY GENERATOR INSPECTION

Section 10: Subchapter CC Level 1 Container Standards

E. Containers are excluded from subch. CC because they are used solely to store or treat EITHER of the following (NR 662.034(1)(a)1, NR 665.1080(2), NR 665.1090(10)):	NA	
On-site remediation wastes generated through NR 700 or RCRA corrective action activities. Radioactive mixed wastes in accordance with NRC requirements		[[
F. Containers are excluded from subch. CC because BOTH of the following are met (NR 665.1080(2), NR 665.1090.(10)): 1. They are equipped with air emission controls operated in accordance with the Clean Air Act	NA	
requirements.		,
Facility records include certification of such by the owner or operator and the specific air program compliance requirements for the containers		
G. All containers are excluded from subch. CC Level 1 standards. If YES, go to Section 11.	20	
	•	
H. Any of the following controls are used on all Level 1 containers (NR 665.1087(3)(a)):		662.034(1)(a)1
1. Container meets applicable US DOT packaging requirements.	Y	002:001(1)(0)1
A cover and closure devices form a continuous barrier over the container openings such that		
when they are secured, there are no visible holes, gaps or other open spaces into the		
container. 3. An organic-vapor suppressing barrier is placed on or over the hazardous waste in an		
open-top container so that the hazardous waste is not exposed to the atmosphere.		•
Note: Level 1 standards do not apply to satellite accumulation or RCRA empty containers.		¬ [
If Level 1 containers do not meet applicable US DOT packaging requirements, they are		662.034(1)(a)1
equipped with covers and closure devices composed of suitable materials that minimize exposure of hazardous waste to the atmosphere and maintain integrity of the covers and	NA	
closure devices (NR 665.1087(3)(b)).		
J. If a Level 1 container is filled to the final level in one continuous operation, the closure		662.034(1)(a)1
device is promptly secured in the closed position when the filling operation is concluded (NR		
665.1087(3)(c)1.a).		
K. If a Level 1 container is batch filled, the closure device is promptly secured in a closed		662.034(1)(a)1
position when the container is filled to the intended final level OR the batch loading is		
completed and any of the following first occurs (NR 665.1087(3)(c)1.b):	- I	J
No additional material will be added within 15 minutes. The person performing the loading operation leaves the immediate vicinity of the container.		
3. The process generating the waste shuts down.		
L. If a Level 1 container is opened to remove hazardous waste, the closure device is secured		662.034(1)(a)1
in the closed position upon completion of a batch removal AND when either of the following		
first occurs (NR 665.1087(3)(c)2b):		
No additional materials will be removed within 15 minutes. The person removing the waste leaves the immediate vicinity of the container.		
M. If access to the inside of a Level 1 container is needed to perform routine activities other	-1-	662.034(1)(a)1
than the transfer of hazardous waste (e.g., sampling), the closure device is secured in the		552.667(1)(4)
closed position promptly after completing the activity (NR 665.1087(3)(c)3).	<u> </u>	
N. If a Level 1 container is equipped with a pressure relief device that vents to the		662.034(1)(a)1
atmosphere, ALL of the following conditions are met (NR 665.1087(3)(c)4):		
1. The device is designed to operate with no detectable organic emissions (< 500 ppmv) when		J
in the closed position. 2. The device is closed when the internal pressure is within the specified operating range.		
3. The device opens and vents to the atmosphere only for the purpose of maintaining internal 3. The device opens and vents to the atmosphere only for the purpose of maintaining internal 4. The device is closed when the internal pressure is within the specified operating range.		
pressure according to the design specifications.		

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Section 10: Subchapter CC Level 1 Container Standards

O. Safety valves are only opened to avoid an unsafe condition (NR 665.1087(3)(c)5).		662.034(1)(a)1
P. When a defect is detected, initial repair efforts are made within 24 hours of detection and completed within 5 calendar days (NR 665.1087(3)(d)3).		662.034(1)(a)1
Q. If repairs cannot be completed in 5 days of detecting the defect, the waste is removed from the container which is not used until it is repaired (NR 665.1087(3)(d)3).	1	662.034(1)(a)1
Section 11: Subchapter CC Level 2 Container Standards		
A. The facility manages hazardous waste containers with a design capacity >119 gallons that are in light material service. If NO, go to Section 12.	1	
B. Any of the following controls are used on Level 2 containers: (NR 665.1087(4)(a))		000 004(4)(-)0
1. Container meets applicable US DOT packaging requirements.		662.034(1)(a)2
Each potential leak interface where organic vapor leakage could occur on the container,		
cover and closure device has been checked to determine that no detectable organic emissions		
(< 500 ppmv) are occurring.		
3. The facility has demonstrated within the last 12 months that the containers are vapor-tight using Method 27 in appendix A of 40 CFR part 60.		
C. If the potential leak interface on the containers were checked, BOTH of the following were	-	662.034(1)(a)2
met: (NR 665.1087(4)(a))		002.034(1)(a)2
Checks were made on the interface of the cover rim and the container wall; the periphery of	\perp	
any opening on the container or container cover and its associated closure device; and, the	1	
sealing seat interface on a spring-loaded, pressure-relief valve.		
2. The test was performed when the container was filled with a material having a VO	1	20
concentration representative of the hazardous waste expected to be stored in the container.	+	000 004(4)(-)0
D. The facility maintains a copy of the procedure used to determine that containers >119 gallons in size that do not meet DOT requirements are not managing hazardous waste in light		662.034(1)(a)2
material service. (NR 665.1087(3)(e))		
E. Level 2 controls are used when transferring waste in or out of the container that minimize		662.034(1)(a)2
exposure to the atmosphere (submerged-fill pipe, vapor-recovery system, etc.) to the extent		
practical, considering the physical properties of the hazardous waste and good engineering	+	
and safety practices. (NR 665.1087(4)(b))	1	
F. If the container is filled to the final level in one continuous operation, the closure devices are		662.034(1)(a)2
promptly secured in the closed position when the filling operation is concluded. (NR 665.1087(4)(c)1.a.)		1
G. If the container is batch filled, the closure devices are promptly secured in a closed position		662.034(1)(a)2
upon filling the container to the intended final level, or when the batch loading is completed and		002:00 1(1)(d)2
ANY of the following first occurs: (NR 665.1087(4)(c)1.b.)	_	
No additional material will be added within 15 minutes.		
2. The person performing the loading operation leaves the immediate vicinity of the container.		
3. The process generating the waste shuts down.		000 004(4)(-)0
H. If containers are opened to remove hazardous waste, closure devices are secured in the closed position upon completion of a batch removal and either of the following first occurs: (NR	1	662.034(1)(a)2
665.1087(4)(c)2.b.)		
No additional materials will be removed within 15 minutes.		
2. The person removing the waste leaves the immediate vicinity of the container.		

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LARGE QUANTITY GENERATOR INSPECTION

hapter CC Level	

I. If access to the inside of the container is needed to perform routine activities other than the transfer of hazardous waste (e.g., sampling), the closure device is secured in the closed position promptly after completing the activity. (NR 665.1087(4)(c)3.)	1	662.034(1)(a)2
J. If the container is equipped with a pressure relief device that vents to the atmosphere, the device meets ALL of the following conditions: (NR 665.1087(4)(c)4.)		662.034(1)(a)2
 Designed to operate with no detectable organic emissions when in the closed position. Closed when the internal pressure is within the specified operating range. Opens and vents to the atmosphere only for the purpose of maintaining internal pressure according to the design specifications. 		
K. Safety valves are only opened to avoid an unsafe condition. (NR 665.1087(4)(c)5.)		662.034(1)(a)2
L. When a defect is detected, initial repair efforts are made within 24 hours of detection. (NR 665.1087(4)(d)3.)		662.034(1)(a)2
M. Repairs are completed within 5 days, or the waste is removed from the container which is not used until the defect is repaired. (NR 665.1087(4)(d)3.)		662.034(1)(a)2
ection 12: Subchapter CC Level 3 Container Standards		
		·
A. The facility manages hazardous waste in containers having a design capacity >26 gallons during a waste stabilization process when hazardous waste is exposed to the atmosphere. If NO, go to Section 13.		
B. The container is vented directly through a closed-vent system to a control device, or the container is vented inside an enclosure which is exhausted through a closed-vent system to a control device. (NR 665.1087(5)(a))		662.034(1)(a)2
C. If the container is vented inside an enclosure, the enclosure is operated according to the criteria for permanent total enclosures found in Method 204 in appendix M of 40 CFR part 51. (NR 665.1087(5)(b)1.)		662.034(1)(a)2
D. Records for the most recent set of calculations and measurements verifying the enclosure meets the criteria for a permanent total enclosure in Method 204 in appendix M of 40 CFR part 51 are maintained at the facility. (NR 665.1090(4)(a))		662.034(1)(a)2
E. Level 3 controls are used when wastes are transferred in or out of the container that minimize exposure to the atmosphere (e.g., submerged-fill pipe, vapor-recovery system, etc.) to the extent practical, considering the physical properties of the hazardous waste and good engineering and safety practices. (NR 665.1087(5)(f))		662.034(1)(a)2
ection 13: Satellite Accumulation	e de la composición	
A. Waste is accumulated in satellite accumulation areas. If NO, go to Section 14.	Y	
B. Generator accumulates no more than 55 gallons of hazardous waste or 1 quart of acute hazardous waste in each satellite area.	Y	662.034(3)(a)
C. Satellite containers are under the control of the operator of the process generating the waste.	γ	662.034(3)(a)

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LARGE QUANTITY GENERATOR INSPECTION

Section 13: Satellite Accumulation

D. Containers are made of or lined with materials that are compatible with the waste (NR 665.0172).	Y	662.034(3)(a)1
E. If a container is leaking or in poor condition, the contents are transferred to another container in good condition (NR 665.0171).	4	662.034(3)(a)1
F. Containers are kept closed except when it is necessary to add or remove waste (NR 665.0173(1)).	Y	662.034(3)(a)1
G. Containers are marked "Hazardous Waste" or with other words that identify the contents.	Y	662.034(3)(a)2
H. Container holding the excess waste is marked with the date the excess amount begins accumulating.	Y	662.034(3)(b)
Generator complies with the 90 day accumulation requirements with respect to the excess amount within 3 days of it being generated.	Y	662.034(3)(b)
Section 14: Waste Minimization	Obsterni	
A. Generator includes waste minimization information in the annual report.	γ	662.041(3)(e)
B. Generator has a program in place to reduce the volume or quantity and toxicity of waste to an economically practicable degree.	Υ	662.027(1)
Note: The inspector should look for evidence justifying the generator's waste minimization certification on the manifest. Also, EPA guidance recommends that the generator have a written waste minimization/pollution prevention plan.		*
ection 15: Used Oil	_	
A. Used oil is managed on-site. If NO, go to Section 16	Y .	
B. Used oil containing >= 1,000 ppm halogens is managed as listed hazardous waste or the rebuttable presumption requirements have been met.	MA	679.10(2)(a)2
C. Used oil containers and tanks are in good condition and not leaking.	Y	679.22(2)
D. Used oil containers and tanks are marked "used oil".	Υ	679.22(3)(a)
E. Transporter has an EPA ID number, except when generator self-transports or has a tolling agreement.	Y	679.24

LARGE QUANTITY GENERATOR INSPECTION

Section		

F. If oil containing materials are disposed of as a solid waste, the used oil has been properly drained so there is no visible sign of free-flowing oil and a waste determination has been properly made.	لم	679.10(3)(a)
G. If used oil is burned in an on-site used oil-fired space heater, all of the following are met: 1. Only used oil from the generator or household do-it-yourselfers is burned. 2. The heater is designed with a maximum capacity of 0.5 million BTU per hour or less.	η	679.23
The combustion gases are vented to the ambient air. H. If used oil is accepted from others or sent off-site to be burned in a space heater, the used oil meets fuel specifications and the marketer requirements in NR 679 subch. H are met.	W	679.11
ection 16: Universal Waste		
A. The facility is a small quantity handler of universal waste (never accumulates more than 11,025 lbs). If NO, state in the comments section if the facility is a universal waste nonhandler, large handler or destination facility, and go to Section 17.	Y	
Note: If the facility is a large handler, complete the large quantity handler of universal waste inspection form.		
B. Universal waste has not been disposed, treated or diluted. Note: Dilution or treatment does not include: sorting, mixing, discharging, regenerating, or	Y	673.11
disassembling batteries; removing batteries from consumer products or removing electrolytes; removing thermostat ampules; or, responding to a release of universal waste.		
C. Universal waste batteries and thermostats that are broken or show evidence of leakage or spillage are placed in closed, structurally sound containers that are compatible with the waste and not leaking.	y	673.13
 Universal waste lamps and pesticides are placed in closed, structurally sound containers that are compatible with the waste and are not leaking. 	Y	673.13
E. All universal wastes are labeled or marked "Waste" or "Used" followed by the specific type of universal waste handled or "Universal Waste".	Y	673.14
F. Universal waste is accumulated for less than one year from the date generated or received from another handler.	Y	673.15(1)
G. If universal waste is accumulated beyond one year, the handler can prove that accumulation was necessary to facilitate proper recovery, treatment or disposal.	NA	673.15(2)
H. Length of accumulation time is demonstrated by any of the following: 1. Each container is marked or labeled with the earliest date the waste is generated or received 2. The individual item of waste is marked or labeled with the date it was generated or received.	Y	673.15(3)
3. An inventory system identifying the date the waste was generated or received is maintained. 4. The universal waste is placed in a specific accumulation area identified with the earliest date the waste was generated or received.		
i. Employees are trained on the proper handling and emergency procedures appropriate to the types of waste handled at the facility.	Y	673.16
	L	H.

LARGE QUANTITY GENERATOR INSPECTION



ection 16: Universal Waste		
		85
J. ALL of the following are met when a release occurs:		673.17
Release is immediately contained.	4	
2. A waste determination is made.	-	
Spill residue is disposed of properly as solid or hazardous waste.		15-5 (5(0)
K. Handler sends the waste to a destination facility, foreign destination or another handler.	4	673.18(1)
Indicate the facilities in the comments section.	(
L. For hazardous materials, the handler packages, labels, marks, placards and prepares the	-1	673.18(3)
proper shipping papers in accordance with DOT requirements in 49 CFR parts 172 to 180.	7	
		1
M. The following activities have occurred. If YES, complete the Universal Waste Small	2	
Quantity Handler inspection form. 1. Universal waste are sorted or disassembled.		
Recalled pesticides are managed.		-1. 7
Universal waste shipments have been rejected.		
4. Universal waste shipments have included hazardous or solid waste.		
5. Universal waste is self-transported.		
Section 17: F006 Wastewater Treatment Sludge		
	1	
A. Generator accumulates F006 sludge for more than 90 days. If NO, go to Section 18.	لم	
	P	
B. The F006 waste is accumulated for no more than 180 days, unless the waste is shipped 200	1	662.034(7)
miles or more.	1	[552.55 1(1)
	1	
C. Pollution prevention practices are in place to reduce the amount of contaminants entering		662.034(7)(a)
the F006 waste.	4	3
D. Ti. 5000		662.034(7)(b)
D. The F006 waste is legitimately recycled through metals recovery.	-	002.034(1)(b)
a e		
E. No more than 20,000 kg (44,100 lbs) of F006 waste is accumulated on-site.		662.034(7)(c)
* *		
Fig. 100 - 1	7	GC2 024(7)(d)4 c
F. Accumulation containers meet subch. I, AA, BB and CC standards in ch. NR 665.	-	662.034(7)(d)1.a
G. The accumulation start date is clearly marked and visible for inspection on each container.	\sqcap	662.034(7)(d)3
H. Accumulation tanks meet subch. J, AA, BB and CC standards in ch. NR 665, except for NR		662.034(7)(d)1.b
665.0197(3) and NR 665.0200.	-	
I. Each container and tank of F006 waste is clearly marked with the words "Hazardous		662.034(7)(d)4
Waste".		002.034(7)(d)4
reduction.	1	
J. A containment building used for accumulation meets subch. DD standards in ch. NR 665; a	1	662.034(7)(d)1.c
P.E. certification stating compliance with the design standards is in the operating record AND		
written procedures and documentation for emptying the unit within 180 days are on file.		

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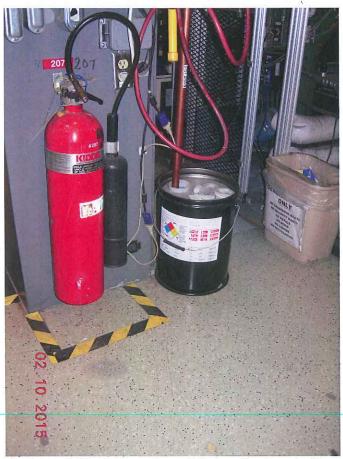
decontaminated.

LARGE QUANTITY GENERATOR INSPECTION

Section 17: F006 Wastewater Treatment Sludge K. The accumulation of F006 waste is included in the preparedness and prevention 662.034(7)(d)5 procedures, contingency plan and personnel training program. .. If waste is accumulated for up to 270 days, the generator must ship the waste over 200 662.034(8) miles for metals recovery. Section 18: Generator Status Evaluation A. Waste is accumulated for less than 90 days, except as allowed in Sections 13 and 16. 662.034(1) B. More than 2,205 lbs. of non-acute hazardous waste; 2.2 lbs. of acute hazardous waste; or, 220 lbs. of residue from cleanup of an acute hazardous waste spill is generated in any month (NR 662.190(1), NR 662.220(4)). C. Describe other activities that the generator conducts at the facility (accumulation in tanks, recycling, 10-day transfer, transporter, used oil, treatment, storage, disposal, universal waste, etc.). D. If waste was previously accumulated in a tank system, the generator performed EITHER of 662.034(1)(a)2 the following (NR 665.0197(1), NR 665.0197(2)): 1. Closure by removing or decontaminating waste residues, contaminated containment system components, soils, structures and equipment. Initiated long-term care if all contaminated soils cannot be practicably removed or

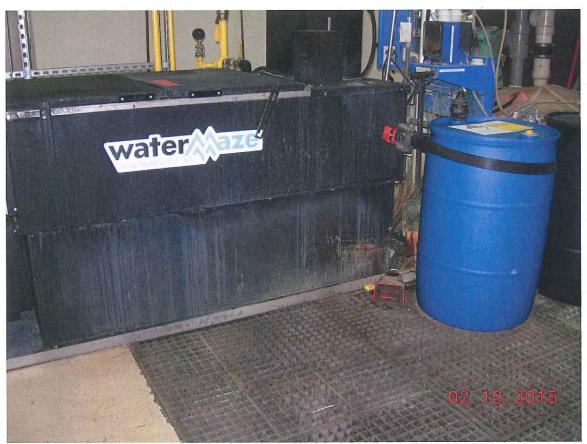


Photograph #1 - Corrosive Hazardous Waste Less Than 90 Day Accumulation Area



Photograph #2 – E-Beam Area, 5-Gallon Condensate Container

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Photograph #3 - Plating Area Waste Evaporator, 55-Gallon Hazardous Waste Container



Photograph #4 - Plating Area Waste Evaporator, 55-Gallon Hazardous Waste Container

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